

Circle with radius r :

$$|\text{OQ}| =: q$$

$$|\text{PQ}| = \sqrt{q^2 - r^2}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{q}$$

$$P = \left(\frac{r^2}{q}, r \sqrt{1 - \frac{r^2}{q^2}} \right)$$

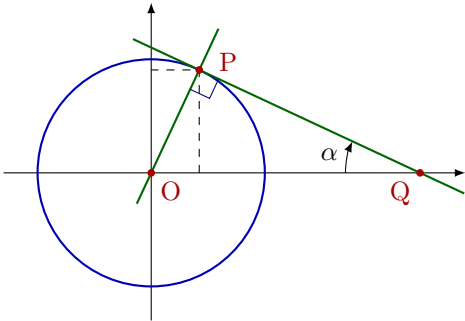
Ellipse with horizontal radius a and vertical radius b :

$$|\text{OQ}| =: q$$

$$|\text{PQ}| = \sqrt{(q^2 + b^2 - a^2) \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{q^2} \right)}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{a}{q}$$

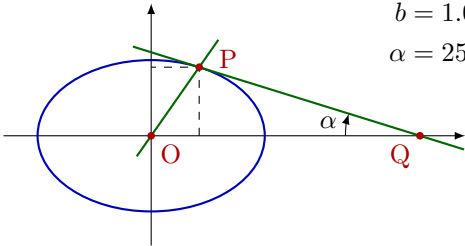
$$P = \left(\frac{a^2}{q}, b \sqrt{1 - \frac{a^2}{q^2}} \right)$$



$$a = 1.5$$

$$b = 1.0$$

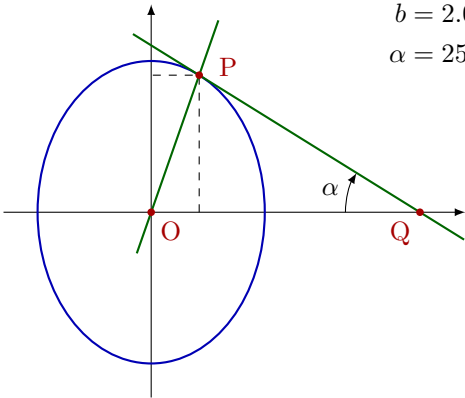
$$\alpha = 25^\circ$$



$$a = 1.5$$

$$b = 2.0$$

$$\alpha = 25^\circ$$



Circle with radius r :

$$|\text{OQ}| = \frac{r}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$|\text{PQ}| = r|\cot \alpha|$$

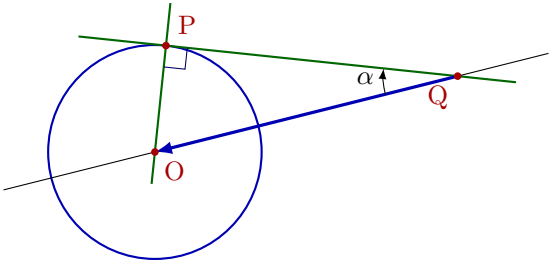
$$\text{P} = (r; 90 - \alpha) = (r \sin \alpha, r \cos \alpha)$$

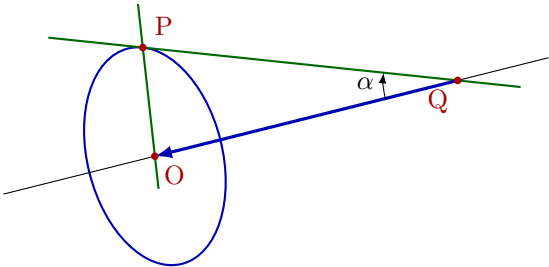
Ellipse with horizontal radius a and vertical radius b :

$$|\text{OQ}| = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$|\text{PQ}| = \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{\sin^2 \alpha} + b^2} - a|\cos \alpha|$$

$$\text{P} = (a \sin \alpha, b \cos \alpha)$$

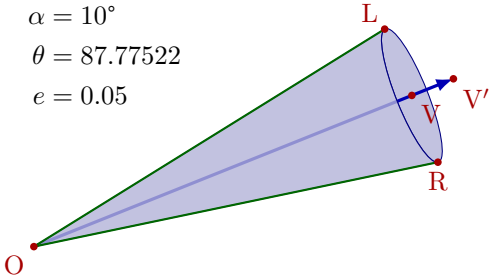




$$\alpha = 10^\circ$$

$$\theta = 87.77522$$

$$e = 0.05$$



$$\alpha = 10^\circ$$

$$\theta = 82.94801$$

$$e = 0.5$$

